

Contents

03	Company Information
04	Vision, Mission and Corporate Strategy
05	Ten Years Production Review
06	Notice of Meeting
07	Directors' Report to the Members
10	Six Years Review at a Glance
11	Pattern of Shareholdings - Form "34"
14	Corporate Social Responsibilities
16	Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance
18	Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance
19	Auditors' Report to the Members
20	Balance Sheet
21	Profit and Loss Account
22	Statement of Comprehensive Income
23	Cash Flow Statement
24	Statement of Changes in Equity
25	Notes to the Financial Statements
53	Form of Proxy



Company Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Mahmood Nawaz Chairman
Mr. Muneer Nawaz Chief Executive
Mr. Cyrus R. Cowasjee Independent Director

Mr. M. Naeem Mr. Ijaz Ahmad

Mrs. Samia Shahnawaz Idris Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid

Mr. Toqueer Nawaz

Mr. Attaullah A. Rasheed (S.L.I.C.) Mr. Aamir Amin (N.I.T.)

Company Secretary

Mr. Jamil Ahmad Butt

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Muhammad Asghar

Audit Committee

Mr. M. Naeem Chairman
Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid Member
Mr. Toqueer Nawaz Member

Human Resources & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid Chairman
Mr. Muneer Nawaz Member
Mr. Attaullah A. Rasheed Member

Head Office

72/C-1, M. M. Alam Road, Gulberg III, Lahore - 54660. Phone : (042) 3571 0482 - 84 Fax : (042) 3571 1904

Website : www.shahtajsugar.com
E-mail : mail@shahtajsugar.com
finance@shahtajsugar.com

Registered Office

19, Dockyard Road,

West Wharf, Karachi - 74000.

Phone : (021) 3231 3934 - 38

Fax : (021) 3231 0623

E-mail : registeredoffice@shahtajsugar.com

Production Facility

Mandi Bahauddin - 50400. Phone : (0546) 501 147 - 48 : (0546) 508 047 - 48

: (0546) 501 768

E-mail : mills@shahtajsugar.com

Auditors

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, Mall View Building, 4 - Bank Square, Lahore.

Legal Advisor

Mr. Ras Tariq Chowdhary, 30 - Mall Mansion, The Mall, Lahore.

Share Registrar

Evolution Factor (Private) Limited, Suite No. 407 - 408, 4th Floor, Al - Ameera Centre, Shahrah - e - Iraq, Saddar, Karachi.

Bankers

United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited

Vision, Mission and Corporate Strategy



Vision

To succeed and grow to the utmost satisfaction of the customers, employees and shareholders.

Mission

To strive for still higher levels of efficiency, productivity, cost effectiveness, profitability, customer satisfaction, congenial employees relations, profit sharing with shareholders and hence gaining further strength to continue to succeed and grow.

Corporate Strategy

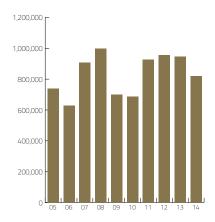
To maximize effective utilization of men, material and machines, by encouraging, supporting and rewarding the employees, eliminating any waste, reducing costs aiming and establishing

Shahtaj Sugar Mills Limited

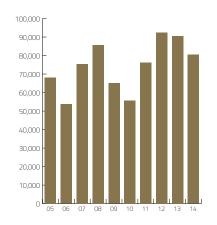
as the most trusted, efficient and successful name among all stakeholders and customers.

Ten Years Production Review

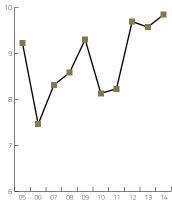
Sugarcane Crushed (M. Tons)



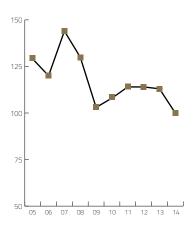
Sugar Produced (M. Tons)



Sugarcane Recovery (Percentage)



Duration (Days)



2005

- 739,094 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 9.22 % Recovery
- 68,152 M. Tons Production
- 129 Duration (Days)

2006

- 627,057 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 7.46 % Recovery
- 53,681 M. Tons Production *
- 120 Duration (Days)

2007

- 907,789 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 8.31 % Recovery
- 75,404 M. Tons Production
- 144 Duration (Days)

2008

- 997,899 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 8.58 % Recovery
- 85,651 M. Tons Production
- 130 Duration (Days)

2009

- 700,063 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 9.30 % Recovery
- 65,089 M. Tons Production
- 103 Duration (Days)

2010

- 685,129 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 8.13 % Recovery
- 55,680 M. Tons Production
- 108 Duration (Days)

2011

- 925,506 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 8.23 % Recovery
- 76,196 M. Tons Production
- 114 Duration (Days)

2012

- 953,573 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 9.69 % Recovery
- 92,441 M. Tons Production
- 114 Duration (Days)

2013

- 946,416 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 9.57 % Recovery
- 90,555 1 M. Tons Production
- 113 Duration (Days)

2014

- 817,752 M. Tons Sugarcane Crushed
- 9.84 % Recovery
- 80,434 M. Tons Production
- 100 Duration (Days)

Notice of Meeting

All the Shareholders,

Notice is hereby given to all the shareholders of SHAHTAJ SUGAR MILLS LIMITED that the 49th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Thursday the 29 January 2015 at 10.30 A.M. at Aquarius Hall, Beach Luxury Hotel, M. T. Khan Road, Karachi to transact the following business:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of 15th Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 27 March 2014.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2014 together with Auditors' and Directors' Reports thereon.
- To approve final cash dividend @ Rs. 2/- per share i.e. 20 % for the year ended 30 September 2014 as recommended by the Directors.
- To appoint Auditors of the Company for the year 2014-15 and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, have offered themselves for reappointment.
- To transact any other ordinary business with the permission of the Chair.

By Order of the Board

Karachi: 26 December 2014 (Jamil Ahmad Butt) Company Secretary

NOTES:

- 1. The Share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from Friday 23 January 2015 to Friday 30 January 2015 (both days inclusive).
- A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/ her proxy to attend and vote. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the

meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.

Holders of Accounts and Sub-Accounts for Company's shares in Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, who wish to attend the Annual General Meeting, may do so by identifying themselves through original CNIC / Passport and providing a copy thereof.

Consent for video conference facility

For this AGM, under Following Conditions, Members can also avail video conference facility at Lahore

If the Company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more share holding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to date of meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility subject to availability of such facility in that city.

The Company will intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility 5 days before the date of general meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.

In this regard please send a duly signed request as per following format to the registered address of the Company 10 days before holding of general meeting.

I/We		of			being	5	ā
membe	r of	SHAHTAJ S	5UGAR	Mills	Lim	ited	holdei
of		ordinary	/ share	(s) as	per	regi	stered
Folio	No		_hereb	у О	pt	for	video
confere	nce f	acility at La	ahore.				

Directors' Report to the Members

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 30 September 2014.

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

Your Mills commenced production on 27 November 2013 and continued till 06 March 2014. Summary with regard to performance of the Mills for the year under reference as compared with last year is as under:

Production Data	Season		
		2014	2013
Start of Season		27.11.2013	30.11.2012
End of Season		06.03.2014	22.03.2013
Duration of season	Days	100	113
Sugarcane crushed	M.Tons	817,752	946,416
Production:			
Sugar	M.Tons	80,434	90,555
Molasses	M.Tons	39,840	45,374
Recovery:			
Sugar	%	9.84	9.57
Molasses	%	4.87	4.79

We have already informed our shareholders through half yearly as well as quarterly financial reports that production of sugar and molasses in this year is less as compared with that of last year, which has been due to lesser availability of sugarcane. However, recovery percentage has improved. Procurement of Sugarcane from outside areas remained at about 56% as compared with corresponding period when it was 47%. The overall cost of sugarcane procurement was higher by about Rs.60/- per M.Ton at Rs.4,473/- per M.Ton as compared with Rs.4,413/- per M.Ton in the last year.

Because of country wise huge carryover sugar stock and bumper production of sugar during the year, sale rates were depressed. International sugar market also remained sluggish throughout the year.

The commissioning of new 135TPH, 67bar high pressure bagasse fired steam boiler was completed in mid December 2013 which remained in operation throughout the season. Capitalization cost of the boiler along with related machinery items was Rs.478 million out of which Rs.200 million were arranged from a financial

institution. The loan is repayable in eight (8) equal half yearly installments with one year grace period.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company sales net of taxes were Rs.4.412 billion during the year under review against Rs.4.649 billion in the last year. Net profit after tax provision for the year is Rs.36.140 million against previous year's net loss of Rs.0.812 million.

APPROPRIATIONS	(Rupees in thousand)
Total comprehensive income for the ye	ar 35,480
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	d 20,753
Un-appropriated profit carried forward	56,233
Earning per share – basic (Rupees per s	share) 3.01

DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 26 December 2014 has proposed a final cash dividend of Rs. 2/- per share for the year ended 30 September 2014. The financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2014 do not include the effect of proposed dividend amounting Rs. 24.022 million, which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ending 30 September 2015 after the approval by the members in the Annual General Meeting.

OUTSTANDING STATUTORY PAYMENTS

All outstanding payments are normal and of routine nature.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan has established the Code of Corporate Governance for listed companies. We support this code as well as CCG 2012 which is being enforced in our Company as required by the listing regulations of the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges.

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on 25 October 2002, has set forth its Code of Ethics and Business Practices, and also adopted a Vision and Mission Statement. The Board of Directors consists of a Chairman, one Executive Director, seven non-Executive Directors and one independent Director. All the Directors take keen interest in the Company's affairs.

Directors' Report to the Members

During the year under review six Board of Directors' meetings were held. Attendance of these meetings is as follows:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr.Mahmood Nawaz	6
Mr. Muneer Nawaz	6
Mr. M. Naeem	4
Mr. Ijaz Ahmad	0
Mr. Cyrus R. Cowasjee	5
Mrs. Samia Shahnawaz Idris	0
Mr. Aamir Amin	4
Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid	4
Mr. Toqueer Nawaz	6
Mr. Attaullah A. Rasheed	6

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors, who could not attend the board meetings.

In compliance with the Listing Regulations of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited and Lahore Stock Exchange Limited, the Board of Directors hereby declare that:

- The financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2014 present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity;
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained;
- International Accounting Standards (IAS) as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statement for the year ended 30 September 2014 and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There is no doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of the Corporate governance as detailed in the listing regulations;
- The values of Provident Fund investment and Provisions of Retirement Benefit Fund as at

30 September 2014 were Rs. (thousand) 150,849 and Rs.(thousand) 23,739 respectively.

BOARD AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has been re-constituted by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 08 April 2014 to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities for good Corporate Governance, Financial Reporting and Corporate Control. The Committee comprises of three members including the Chairman of the Committee.

All its members are non-executive Directors. The Committee regularly meets as per requirements of the Code.

The Audit committee met five times during the year under reference. These meetings were held prior to the approval of interim results of the Company by the Board of Directors and before and after completion of external audit. Attendance by each director was as follows:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. M. Naeem	1_
Mr. Ijaz Ahmad	3
Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid	4
Mr. Toqueer Nawaz	2

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors, who could not attend the audit committee meetings.

BOARD HUMAN RESOURCE COMMITTEE

A Human Resource and Remuneration Committee has been in existence since the enforcement of the Revised Code of Corporate Governance, which comprises of three Directors. During the year one meeting of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee was held. Attendance of each Director was as follows:

Name of Director	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Muneer Nawaz	1_
Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid	1_
Mr. Attaullah A. Rasheed	1

SIX YEARS REVIEW AT A GLANCE

The six years review at a glance is annexed.

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDINGS

The pattern of shareholdings as on 30 September 2014 is annexed.

Directors' Report to the Members

TRADING OF SHARES

During the year under review, trading of shares by Directors was as under:

- i. National Investment Trust, sold 50,000 shares through CDC.
- ii. Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid acquired 35,338 shares through transmission.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES

Disclosure as required by the Corporate Social Responsibility General Order, 2009 is annexed and form integral part of this report.

REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.

Board of Director in their meeting held on 20 February 2014 re-appointed Mr. Muneer Nawaz as Chief Executive for the period of three years commencing from 01 April 2014. The remuneration of Chief Executive and Executive Director were fixed as under:

Remuneration of Chief Executive

Rs.950,000/- per month. Bonus, Provident Fund and all other perquisites and allowances as per rules of the Company will be paid to Chief Executive, as are applicable to Senior Executives plus free medical facilities for self and family. He will also be provided with Company maintained car and free telephone (residential and mobile).

Remuneration of Executive Director

Monthly emoluments not exceeding Rs.370,000/-plus Bonus, Provident fund, Retirement benefits and any other perquisites and allowances applicable to senior executives, with effect from 01 April 2014 subject to a maximum increase of 15% per annum. He will also be provided with Company maintained car and free telephone (residential and mobile).

The Chief Executive and Executive Director being the Directors of the Company are interested in this matter to extent of the remuneration payable to them.

These remunerations were also approved by the members of the Company in Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 27 March 2014 and statement u/s.218(2) of Companies Ordinance 1984 was circulated amongst the members of the company on 14 April 2014.

PROSPECTS FOR THE YEAR 2014 - 2015

Your Mills have started crushing on 29 November 2014 and till 8:00 AM of 18 December 2014, have crushed 139,195 M.Tons sugarcane with an average recovery 8.88% producing 10,950 M.Tons of Sugar. Although, it is difficult to assess the end results of the season at this stage, however, the indications are not very much encouraging. Sugar prices are under regular decline, availability of sugarcane is also less and recovery is so far little less than last year. Rate of sugarcane for this season have been revised to Rs.180/- per 40 Kg. by the Government of Punjab from Rs.170/- per 40 Kg.

After installation of the high pressure boiler, it is now our earnest desire to generate electricity for the national grid under the Government's Co-Generation Policy for the sugar mills. We now plan to install two turbines of about 16 MW each to generate electricity from biomass for our own use and to sell the surplus electricity to the national grid. Electricity would be generated by burning bagasse in the high pressure boiler. In this regard, we are actively conducting negotiations with the Chinese suppliers of Turbo Generators and financial arrangements are being made.

AUDITORS

M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants, external Auditors of the Company, being eligible have conveyed their willingness to be appointed for the ensuing year. The Board of Directors, on recommendations of the Audit Committee, proposes the appointment of M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, for the year ending 30 September 2015.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors place on record their appreciations of the diligence and devotion of duty of the Officers, Members of Staff and Workers of all categories.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Karachi: 26 December 2014 Muneer Nawaz
Chief Executive

Six Years Review at a Glance

Y e	a r	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Production Data							
Season started		27.11.2013	30.11.2012	24.11.2011	29.11.2010	20.11.2009	27.11.2008
Season closed		06.03.2014	22.03.2013	16.03.2012	22.03.2011	07.03.2010	09.03.2009
Days worked		100	113	114	114	108	103
Cane crushed	(M. Tons)	817,752	946,416	953,573	925,506	685,129	700,063
Sugar produced:							
Sugar	(M. Tons)	80,434	90,555	92,441	76,196	55,680	65,089
Molasses	(M. Tons)	39,840	45,374	47,484	45,719	33,450	31,582
Recovery:							
Sugar	%	9.84	9.57	9.69	8.23	8.13	9.30
Molasses	%	4.87	4.79	4.98	4.94	4.88	4.51
Income			(Rup	oees in	thous	and)	
Sales		4,411,837	4,649,244	5,119,499	4,459,414	3,654,162	2,828,705
Others		4,411,037	15,961	34,065	52,321	28,401	24,059
		4,456,221	4,665,205	5,153,564	4,511,735	3,682,563	2,852,764
		4,430,221	4,000,200	9,193,904	4,511,735	2,062,200	2,002,704
Expenditure							
Cost of sales		4,148,757	4,493,005	4,569,928	3,828,790	3,561,729	2,245,547
Distribution cos	t and						
administrative	expenses	173,757	159,129	157,129	131,405	113,262	107,888
Finance cost		90,988	55,181	54,980	82,932	61,056	23,700
Other operating		6,022	3,574	29,774	48,888	9,916	36,687
Share of profit in		()	(((()	()
associates - net		(8,732)	(12,492)	(10,113)	(36,791)	(18,621)	(3,423)
		4,410,792	4,698,397	4,801,698	4,055,224	3,727,342	2,410,399
Profit / (Loss) be	fore taxation	45,429	(33,192)	351,866	456,511	(44,779)	442,365
Taxation		(9,289)	32,380	(141,401)	(97,764)	(24,480)	(153,977)
Profit / (Loss) aft	er taxation	36,140	(812)	210,465	358,747	(69,259)	288,388
Paid up capital		120,111	120,111	120,111	120,111	120,111	120,111
Capital reserve -	Share premium	27,534	27,534	27,534	27,534	27,534	27,534
General reserves and							
unappropriated	profits	972,233	936,753	1,020,145	959,385	599,954	752,036
Shareholders equ	ıity	1,119,878	1,084,398	1,167,790	1,107,030	747,599	899,681
Break up value pe	er share in Rupees	93.24	90.28	97.23	92.17	62.24	74.90
Earning per share	e -						
Basic (Rupees)		3.01	(0.07)	17.52	29.87	(5.77)	24.01
Dividend - Cash	(%)	20	_	70	125	-	100

Pattern of Shareholdings - Form "34" as at 30 September 2014

Share holdin

Number of Share Holders	From	То	Total Shares Held
368	1	100	7,961
109	101	500	30,884
26	501	1000	18,583
43	1001	5000	93,939
14	5001	10000	107,533
7	10001	15000	87,355
1	15001	20000	20,000
2	20001	25000	45,456
_ 1	25001	30000	30,000
1	30001	35000	30,030
1	35001	40000	37,000
1	40001	45000	42,800
1	45001	50000	50,000
1	50001	55000	52,500
3	55001	60000	168,451
1	70001	75000	73,294
1	75001	80000	78,800
2	95001	100000	197,500
1	100001	105000	101,000
1	110001	115000	111,000
1	130001	135000	133,505
1	150001	155000	153,033
1	170001	175000	171,546
3	175001	180000	531,215
2	180001	185000	360,531
1	185001	190000	187,061
1	190001	195000	193,810
1	260001	265000	263,304
1	265001	270000	266,185
1	270001	275000	271,507
1	275001	280000	277,552
1	285001	290000	285,646
1	315001	320000	315,105
1	335001	340000	337,015
1	405001	410000	408,539
1	525001	530000	529,456
1	530001	535000	531,800
1	600001	605000	601,351
1	605001	610000	606,889
1	755001	760000	756,984
1	800001	805000	801,695
1	805001	810000	808,033
1	955001	960000	858,306
1	975001	980000	976,942
612			12,011,096

Pattern of Shareholdings - Form "34" as at 30 September 2014

		Shares Held	Percentage
i.	Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties		
	Shezan Services (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	285,646	2.38
ii.	Modarba and Mutual Funds		
	MCFSL - Trustee JS Growth Fund (CDC)	1,101,942	9.17
iii.	Directors, their Spouses and Minor Children		
	1. Mr. Mahmood Nawaz	808,033	
	Mr. Mahmood Nawaz (CDC)	52,500	
	Mrs. Bushara Nawaz (Wife)	266,185	
	Mrs. Bushara Nawaz (Wife) (CDC)	13,000	
	2. Mr. Muneer Nawaz	1,459,657	
	Mrs. Abida Muneer Nawaz (Wife)	529,456	
	3. Mr. M. Naeem	176,276	
	Mrs. Amtul Bari Naeem (Wife)	606,889	
	Mrs. Amtul Bari Naeem (Wife) (CDC)	3,500	
	4. Mrs. Samia Shahnawaz Idris (CDC)	337,015	
	5. Mr. Ijaz Ahmed (CDC)	20,919	
	6. Mr. Cyrus R. Cowasjee (CDC)	263,304	
	7. Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid	223,339	
	Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid (CDC)	8,000	
	8. Mr. Toqueer Nawaz	315,105	
	Mr. Toqueer Nawaz (CDC)	42,800	
		5,126,038	42.68
iv.	Executives		
	1. Mr. Jamil Ahmed Butt	1,261	
	3. Ms. Samina Arshad (CDC)	5,500	
	4. Mr. R.N. Nayyar (CDC)	500	
		7,720	0.0
		7,720	0.00
v.	Public Sector Companies and Corporations		
	State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan (CDC)	756,984	
	Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited (CDC)	397	
	National Bank of Pakistan Trustee Wing (CDC)	801,695	
	Investment Corporation of Pakistan	100	
		1,559,176	12.98
		<u> </u>	

Pattern of Shareholdings - Form "34" as at 30 September 2014

		Shares Held	Percentage
vi.	Investment, Insurance Companies & NIT		
	National Bank of Pakistan (CDC)	451	
	National Bank of Pakistan (CDC)	408,539	
	The Bank of Punjab (CDC)	166,546	
	Sarfraz Mahmood (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	44	
	Darson Securities (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	45	
	Amin Tai Securities (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	531,800	
	Eleven Star Securities (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	97,500	
	MSMANIAR Financial (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	158	
	Karachi Stock Exchange Ltd. (CDC)	50	
	EFU General Insurance Company Ltd. (DOC)	78,800	
	Golden Arrow Selected Stock Fund Ltd. (CDC)	24,537	
	Trustee – National Bank of Pakistan Emp – Benevolent Fund (CDC)	2,572	
	Trustee – National Bank of Pakistan Emp – Pension Fund (CDC)	73,294	
	Al-Hagani Securities & Investment Corp. (CDC)	1	
	Time Securities (Pvt) Ltd. (CDC)	1,500	
		1,385,837	11.54
vii.	General Public		
	a. Local	1,445,488	
	b. Local (CDC)	1,099,249	
	c. Foreign	-	
		2,544,737	21.19
		12,011,096	100
	Shareholders holding 5% or more voting rights		
	Mr. Muneer Nawaz	1,459,657	12.15
	MCFSL - Trustee JS Growth Fund (CDC)	1,101,942	9.17
	Mr. Mahmood Nawaz	850,533	7.08
	National Bank of Pakistan, Trustee Wing (CDC)	801,695	6.67
	State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan (CDC)	756,984	6.30
	Mrs. Amtul Bari Naeem	606,889	5.05
		,	

Corporate Social Responsibilities

CORPORATE PHILANTHROPY

In recognition of its social responsibility towards mankind the Company is regularly contributing reasonably to the various organizations and associations who have complete servicing infrastructure.

ENERGY CONSERVATION

Operation of sugar mills is based on self power generation. Main criteria of energy conservation is steam consumption percent cane crushed which in case of our Mills is 45-46% at peak load days, this is termed as a very efficient energy conservation system.

In our continued quest, all possible measures like intensive vapor pleading, recycling of utilities, installation of various speed drives at centrifuges and cane carrier etc., in order to conserve energy are undertaken. Concerned technical personnels are regularly encouraged to participate in the seminars on energy conservation.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION MEASURES

Being conscious to this social responsibility your Mills have undertaken following measures:

- Used water is recycled for irrigation purposes within and outside the Mills lands.
- Tree plantation at Mills land to better the surrounding environment.
- Imported state of art oil skimmer has been installed to skim oil from effluent water.
- In-house environment conservation committee to keep constant watch on the Mills operations has been formed.
- We have live collaboration with "Programme for Industrial Sustainable Development (PISD)", a world fame NGO who in collaboration with the Dutch government is providing the assistance for sustainable conservation of the environment.

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT & WELFARE SPENDING FOR PRIVILEGED CLASS

The Company is running a High School of excellent standard in the Mills premises for employees' children. Talented students of the adjoining areas of the Mills are also allowed admission in the said school. For growers of the area your Mills has provided a spacious place for "Kisan Hall" being maintained by local market committee. In addition to this entire up keep and maintenance cost of adjoining Mosque is born by the Mills.

CONSUMER PROTECTION MEASURES

We produce good quality sugar which qualifies multinational as well as "PSQCA" standards. Management is always very keen on implementation and execution of rules and regulation for quality maintenance. Alhamdulillah the sugar produced by our Mills is considered best quality product in the market.

EMPLOYMENT OF SPECIAL PERSONS

To ensure regular welfare and rehabilitation of special persons to support their families as per the requirement of "Employment & Rehabilitation Ordinance 1981" the Compnay has established a policy of hiring the disabled.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

We are maintaining very cordial and harmonious industrial relations at our Mills. CBA elections are held in time without any hurdle. Very cordial relationship exists between Management and the Employees of the all categories.

Some of the non-cash benefits available to the employees are described below:

- Five workers are sent to perform Hajj every year on Company's expense.
- Attractive retirement benefits are allowed at the age of superannuation.
- Talented children of employees are paid scholarship.

Corporate Social Responsibilities

- Hygienic and clean drinking water plant has been installed at the residential colony as well as in the mills premises.
- Fair price shop is being maintained where various items are provided at subsidized rates.
- For healthy activities well maintained tennis, basket ball, badminton courts, football and cricket grounds have been arranged for the employees of the Mills.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY & HEALTH

To ensure responsibility and health effective environment at the Mills a permanent safety committee is in operation. God forbid, in case any accident occurs the circumstances leading to such situation are thoroughly investigated, responsibilities are fixed and necessary improvements in the system are incorporated. Safety material is provided to the employees exposed to health and safety hazards.

BUSINESS ETHICS & ANTI CORRUPTION MEASURES

Statement of Ethics and Business Practices is circulated among all employees of the Company for compliance. There is zero tolerance towards corruption in the Mills. The Company has developed comprehensive system of check and balance. Sugarcane growers of the areas of our Mills are totally satisfied with the honesty of our employees, weighment of the sugarcane and payments thereof.

NATIONAL CAUSE DONATIONS

The Company as a policy assists the distressed communities by regularly donating to the welfare institutions like, Shaukat Khanum Cancer Hospital, Aziz Jehan Begum Trust for the Blinds, Sahara for Life Trust, Jinnah Hospital Lahore, Sindh Institute of Urology & Transplantation (SIUT), Lahore General Hospital, Marie Adelaide Leprosy Centre, Fatimid Foundation, Abdul Sattar Edhi Foundation, SOS Children Village, The Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust, Ansar Burney Trust International etc.

The Company always contributed sufficient funds for National disaster. This year we have contributed Rs. 2.0 million towards Management Foundation LUMS Campus, Lahore.

CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL EXCHEQUER

The management has always showed its responsibility by paying all government taxes in time without any delay. For the year ended 30 September 2014 we made our humble contribution to the National Exchequer as follows:

Description (Rupees in thousand)
Income Tax 94,628/Sales Tax / FED 374,875/-

RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

Sugar Mills are located in the rural areas, therefore our all activities such as procurement of entire raw material i.e. sugarcane, spending of road cess contributions on communication networks, payments to transporters, wages to the employees etc. are directly related to the rural development.

The Company is playing pivotal role for this cause since its inception. We provide RCC pipes for culverts, anti-rodent chemicals and furrow making with riggers costing million of rupees annually free of cost. Modern and scientific agricultural practices and machinery viz. Ridgers, Deep Plougher & Chisels are introduced free of cost to the sugarcane growers. Often reasonable expenses are incurred on roads to facilitate the growers to bring their product to the mills and purchasing centers.

Statement of Compliance

with best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

This statement is being presented by the Board of Directors ("the Board") of Shahtaj Sugar Mills Limited ("The Company") to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance ("The Code") contained in the listing regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the code in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent Non-executive Directors on its Board and Directors. At present the Board includes:

Category	Names
Independent Director	Mr. Cyrus R. Cowasjee
Executive Directors	Mr. Muneer Nawaz
	Mr. Ijaz Ahmad
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Mahmood Nawaz
	Mr. M. Naeem
	Mrs. Samia Shahnawaz Idris
	Mr. Rashed Amjad Khalid
	Mr. Toqueer Nawaz
	Mr. Attaullah A. Rasheed
	Mr. Aamir Amin

- 2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director in more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the Resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to banking company, DFI or an NBFI, or being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. The Board has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with the supporting policies and procedures.

- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment of determination of remuneration of terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other Executive and non-Executive Directors have been taken by the Board/Shareholders.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 8. The Directors are conversant with the relevant laws applicable to the Company, its policies and procedures and provisions of Memorandum and Articles of Association and are aware of their duties and responsibilities. Five Directors of the Company have minimum 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the Board of a listed company and therefore are exempted from director's program. Two other Directors have attended the training program.
- 9. The Board has approved appointment of CFO and Company Secretary, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment as determined by the Code. Further, the Board has approved hiring of head of internal audit in compliance with the requirement of the Code.
- The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.

Statement of Compliance

with best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

- 12. The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholdings.
- 13. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 14. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members and all its members including Chairman are non-executive Directors.
- 15. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- 16. The Board has formed a Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of three members of whom two and the Chairman of the committee are Non-Executive Directors.
- 17. The Board has setup an effective internal audit function and is in process of hiring a suitable person as head of internal audit to meet requirements of the Code.
- 18. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics and adopted by the ICAP.

- 19. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 20. The "closed period" prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of the Company's Securities, was determined and intimated to Directors, Executives and Stock Exchanges.
- 21. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through Stock Exchanges.
- 22. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code have been complied.

Mary Nows
Chief Executive

Director

Karachi: 26 December 2014

Review Report to the Members

on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) for the year ended 30 September 2014 prepared by the Board of Directors of Shahtaj Sugar Mills Limited (the Company) to comply with the Listing Regulations No. 35 of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited and Lahore Stock Exchange Limited, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, the listing Regulations of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited and Lahore Stock Exchange Limited requires the company to place before the board of directors for their consideration and approval of related party transactions, distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the statement does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code, for the year ended 30 September 2014.

Ermle You foral Rhales Silar Hy

Chartered Accountants
Audit Engagement Partner
Faroog Hameed

Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of shahtaj sugar Mills Limited (the Company) as at 30 September 2014 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive in come, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) In our opinion:
 - i) The balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied except for changes as stated in note 2.3 of these financial statements, with which we concur;
 - ii) The expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - iii) The business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2014 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, no Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980),

Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner

Faroog Hameed

Lahore: 26 December 2014

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2014

	Note	2014	2013 (Restated)
		(Rupees ir	thousand)
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	4	736,255	707,623
Investments in associates	5	92,949	88,817
Loans and advances	6	2,074	2,420
Deposits	7	840	843
Deferred taxation	8	_	9,755
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools	9	116,635	89,617
Stock in trade	10	185,812	261,899
Trade debts	11	84,029	52,334
Loans and advances	12	54,126	53,953
Tax refunds due from government		69,287	19,522
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	13	2,820	8,576
Cash and bank balances	14	92,064	143,677
		604,773	629,578
TOTAL ASSETS		1,436,891	1,439,036
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital	15	120,111	120,111
Capital reserve - share premium	16	27,534	27,534
General reserve and unappropriated profits	17	972,233	936,753
TOTAL EQUITY		1,119,878	1,084,398
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term borrowing	18	125,000	175,000
Deferred taxation	8	2,685	_
Retirement benefit obligations	19	23,739	21,256
		151,424	196,256
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current maturity of long term borrowing	18	50,000	25,000
Trade and other payables	20	110,555	79,875
Short term borrowings	21	_	_
Accrued interest on long term borrowing		4,556	4,690
Provision for taxation		478	48,817
		165,589	158,382
TOTAL LIABILITIES		317,013	354,638
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	22		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,436,891	1,439,036





Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Note	2014 (Rupees i	2013 n thousand)
Sales - net	23	4,411,837	4,649,244
Cost of sales	24	(4,148,757)	(4,493,005)
Gross profit		263,080	156,239
Distribution cost	25	(8,454)	(8,987)
Administrative expenses	26	(165,303)	(150,142)
Other operating expenses	27	(6,022)	(3,574)
Other operating income	28	44,384	15,961
		(135,395)	(146,742)
Operating profit		127,685	9,497
Finance cost	29	(90,988)	(55,181)
		36,697	(45,684)
Share of profit of associates - net		8,732	12,492
Profit / (Loss) before taxation		45,429	(33,192)
Taxation	30	(9,289)	32,380
Profit / (Loss) for the year		36,140	(812)
Earnings / (Loss) per share - basic (Rupees per share)	31	3.01	(0.07)

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

.





Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	2014 (Rupees	Restated 2013 in thousand)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	36,140	(812)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Other comprehensive income not to be re-classified to profit and loss in subsequent periods (net of tax)		
Remeasurement (losses) / gain on defined benefit plan - net of deferred tax	(660)	1,498
Total comprehensive income for the year	35,480	686





Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 30 September 2014

Note	2014 (Rupees i	2013 n thousand)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	45,429	(33,192)
Non-cash adjustment to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Interest / mark-up Profit on bank deposits Share of profit of associates Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 4.3 & 28 Provision for gratuity and retirement benefits	72,708 89,505 (4,399) (8,732) (7,510) 3,302	33,329 53,418 (9,781) (12,492) (172) 3,397
Operating profit before working capital changes	190,303	34,507
Working capital adjustments; Decrease / (Increase) in current assets: Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(27,018) 76,087 (31,695) (173) 5,756	(4,224) (57,460) (52,334) 9,902 (3,838)
Increase / (Decrease) in current liabilities Trade and other payables	22,957 30,680	(107,954) (32,305)
Cash generated / (used in) operations	243,940	(105,752)
Income tax paid Interest / mark-up paid Profit on bank deposits Retirement benefit paid Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities	(94,628) (89,639) 4,399 (1,804)	(54,732) (53,418) 13,078 (987) (201,811)
, , ,	02,200	(201,011)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 4.3 Sale proceeds from disposal of non-current asset classified as held-for-sale Loans and advances Dividend received Deposits	(101,699) 7,869 - 346 4,600 3	(280,036) 987 - (776) 4,025 (85)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(88,881)	(275,885)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends paid Long term borrowing Net cash used in financing activities		(83,947) 200,000 116,053
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(51,613)	(361,643)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	143,677	505,320
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 14	92,064	143,677





Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Share capital	Share premium (Rupees	General reserve	Unappropriated profits ousand)	Total
Balance as at 30 September 2012	120,111	27,534	776,000	243,711	1,167,356
Effect of retrospective application of change in an accounting policy resulting from adoption of IAS-19	-	_	_	434	434
Balance as at 01 October 2012 - Restated	120,111	27,534	776,000	244,145	1,167,790
Final dividend @ Rs.7 per share for year 2012	-	_	-	(84,078)	(84,078)
Transfer to general reserve for the year 2012	-	-	140,000	(140,000)	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	_	686	686
Balance as at 30 September 2013	120,111	27,534	916,000	20,753	1,084,398
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	_	35,480	35,480
Balance as at 30 September 2014	120,111	27,534	916,000	56,233	1,119,878





for the year ended 30 September 2014

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Shahtaj Sugar Mills Limited was incorporated in Pakistan on 27 March 1965 as a Public Limited Company initially under the Companies Act 1913, and then under the Companies Ordinance 1984. Its registered office is at 19, Dockyard Road, West Wharf, Karachi. The Company is listed on Karachi / Lahore Stock Exchange Limited and is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of sugar whereas molasses and bagasse are its significant by-products contributing to Company's revenues.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board as are notified under Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.1 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except staff retirement benefits, loans and advances and investment in associates. Staff retirement benefits and loans and advances are accounted for on the basis of present value whereas the investment in associate has been accounted using equity method.

2.2 Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee, which is the Company's functional currency. Figures have been rounded off to nearest of thousand of Rupees, unless otherwise stated.

2.3 New and amended standards and interpretations

The Company has adopted the following revised standards, amendments and interpretations of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

IAS 19 – Employee Benefits – (Revised)

IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments : Disclosures – (Amendments)
 Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of financial liabilities

IFRIC 20 - Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

IFAS 3 - Profit and Loss Sharing on Deposits

Improvements to Accounting Standards issued by IASB

IAS 1 — Presentation of Financial Statements - Clarification of the requirements for comparative information

IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment - Clarification of Servicing Equipment

IAS 32 – Financial Instruments: Presentation – Tax Effects of Distribution to Holders of Equity
Instruments

IAS 34 – Interim Financial Reporting – Interim Financial Reporting and Segment Information for Total Assets and Liabilities

The adoption of above standards, amendments / improvements and interpretations did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

2.4 Change in accounting policy relating to defined benefit plans

Amendments to IAS 19 'Employee Benefits' range from fundamental changes to simple clarification and rewording. The significant changes to IAS 19 include the following:

For defined benefit plans, the ability to defer recognition of actuarial gains and losses (i.e., the corridor approach) has been removed. As revised, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income when they occur. Amounts recorded in profit and loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). All other changes in the net defined benefit asset (liability) are recognized in other comprehensive income with no subsequent recycling to profit and loss.

Previously, actuarial gains or losses in excess of 10% of the present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets, whichever was higher, were recognized over the expected average remaining working life of the employees in the profit and loss account.

Objectives for disclosures of defined benefit plans are explicitly stated in the revised standard, along with new or revised disclosure requirements. These new disclosures include quantitative information regarding the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to a reasonably possible change in each significant actuarial assumption.

This change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively as required under International Accounting Standard-8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', and the comparative financial statements have been re-stated.

The impact of the said changes on these financial statements is as under:

	2013	2012
	(Rupe	es in thousand)
Increase in unappropriated profits	1,498	484
Increase in deferred taxation	772	233
(Decrease) in retirement benefit obligation	(2,270)	(667)

The cumulative effect of the above change is not considered material accordingly third balance sheet as of 30 September 2012 has not been presented in this financial statements.

IAS – 19 (Revised 2011) also requires more extensive disclosures. These have been provided in Note 19.1

This transition did not have impact on statement of cash flows.

2.5 Standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the current financial year

The following amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Effective date

Standard or int	erpretation	(Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2015
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	01 January 2015
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2015
IFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2015
IAS 16 and 38	Clarification of Acceptable Method of Depreciation	
	and Amortization	01 January 2016
IAS 16 and 41	Agriculture: Bearer Plants	01 January 2016

for the year ended 30 September 2014

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revisions, amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to above, amendments to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2014. The Company expects that such improvements of the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan:

Stan	dard or interpretation	Effective date (Accounting periods beginning on or after)
IFRS		
IFRS IFRS	-0	January 01, 2016 January 01, 2017

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Significant accounting estimates, judgments and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on going basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods, if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas involving a higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

Useful lives, pattern of economic benefits and impairments

Estimates with respect to depreciable lives and pattern of flow of economic benefits are based on the analysis of the management of the Company. Further, the Company reviews the value of the asset for possible impairments on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment, with corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Staff retirement benefits

The cost of retirement benefits is determined using actuarial valuations (Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method). The actuarial valuations involve making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to long term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

Stock-in-trade, stores and spares parts

The Company reviews the net realizable value of stock-in-trade and stores and spare parts to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values. Net realizable value is estimated with reference to the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

Trade debts and receivables

The Company reviews its doubtful trade debts and receivables at each reporting date to assess whether provision should be recorded in the profit and loss account. In particular, judgment by management is

for the year ended 30 September 2014

required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the level of provision required. Such estimates are based on assumptions about a number of factors and actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the provisions.

Taxation

In making the estimate for income tax payable by the Company, the Company takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all unused tax losses and credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such losses and credits can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Other areas where estimates and judgment involved are disclosed in respective notes to the financial statement.

3.2 Property, plant and equipment

3.2.1 Owned

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses except for free hold land which is stated at cost.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in Note 4.1, which are considered appropriate to write off the cost of the assets over their useful economic lives.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalized while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

Normal repairs and maintenance costs are charged to profit and loss account for the year. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the sale proceeds with the carrying value and are included in the profit and loss account for the year.

3.2.2 Capital work in progress

These are stated at cost. It consists of expenditures incurred and advances paid in respect of fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

3.2.3 Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the carrying amount of assets is reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in the profit and loss account.

3.3 Investment

Investment in associate

Investments in associates are accounted using the equity method to comply with the requirements of IAS-28 "Investments in Associates".

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate is carried in the balance sheet at cost plus post acquisition changes in the investor's share of net assets of the associate. Goodwill relating to the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortized nor individually tested for impairment.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

The income statement reflects the share of the results of operations of the associate. Where there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the associate, the investor recognizes its shares of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity.

3.4 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost, which is calculated according to moving average method and net realizable value, both held for capital expenditure and for repair and maintenance. Provision is made for slow moving or obsolete store items.

Stores in transit are valued at invoice value including other charges, if any, incurred thereon.

3.5 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value.

Cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition is accounted for as follows:

Finished goods - Manufacturing cost comprising prime cost and an appropriate portion

of production overheads

Sugar in process - Manufacturing cost comprising prime cost and factory overheads

Molasses - At net realizable value Bagasse - At net realizable value

Raw Material - At cost

Stocks at fair price shop - At subsidized selling prices

Net realizable value is determined on the basis of estimated selling price of the product in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to be incurred for its sale.

3.6 Trade debts and other receivables

These are recognized and carried at original invoice amount on transaction's date less provision for any un-collectable amount. Other receivables are recognized and carried at cost.

An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as and when identified.

3.7 Loans and advances

Loans and advances are recognized and carried at present value as at the year end, which is calculated using the average borrowing cost of Company. Loss on initial recognition being the difference between present value and carrying value is charged to profit and loss.

3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at the book value which approximates their fair value.

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and cash at banks on current saving and deposit accounts.

3.9 Financial instruments

All the financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Company derecognizes a financial assets or a portion of financial assets when, and only when, the enterprise loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset or portion of financial asset. While a financial liability or part of financial liability is derecognized from the balance sheet, when, and only, when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged cancelled or expired.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

Financial assets are investments, long-term loans and advances, long term deposits, trade debts, short-term loans and advances, others receivables, cash and bank balances. These are stated at their nominal value as reduced by the appropriate allowances for estimated irrecoverable amount.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. Significant financial liabilities are short term finances utilized under mark-up arrangements, obligation under lease finance, trade and other payables. Mark-up bearing finances are received at the gross proceeds received. Other liabilities are stated at their nominal value.

3.10 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legal enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.11 Taxes

Current income tax

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credits and exemptions available, if any or minimum taxation at the rate of one percent of the turnover whichever is higher. However, for income covered under final tax regime, taxation is based on applicable tax rates under such regime.

Advance tax asset or liability for the current and prior periods is measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to Federal Board of Revenue. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the tax expense are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance date.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full using the balance sheet method on all temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date, between the tax basis of the assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The carrying amount of all deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax asset are reassessed at each balance sheet and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

The tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date are used to determine deferred tax.

Sales tax / Federal excise duty

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of sales tax / FED except;

- Where the sales tax / FED incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority.
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax / FED included.

The net amount of sales tax / FED recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

3.12 Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on an accrual basis and included in trade and other payables.

All mark-up, interest and other charges on long term and short term borrowings are charged to income in the period in which they are incurred.

3.13 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received whether billed or not to the Company.

3.14 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange approximating those prevailing at the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange approximating those prevailing at the balance sheet date. Profit or loss arising on translation is recognized in the profit and loss account currently.

3.15 Pricing for related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are entered into arm's length determined in accordance with comparable uncontrolled price method except for transactions with M/s. Shahnawaz (Private) Limited, where the discounts of 40% and 15% given by them on service charges and on spare parts respectively in connection with the repairs of motor vehicles, due to group policy duly approved by the Board of Directors.

Parties are said to be related if they are able to influence the operating and financial decisions of the Company and vice versa.

3.16 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation of which reliable estimate can be made. The expense relating to provision is presented in profit and loss net of any reimbursements. The management expects that time value of money is not material and no discounting of provision is made by the Company.

3.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be measured reliably. Specific recognition criterias are as follows:

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognized upon dispatch of goods to customers.

Interest

Income from bank deposits and loans and advances is recognized on accrual basis.

Dividend

Income is recognized when the right to receive payment is established.

3.18 Retirement benefits

Provident fund

The Company operates a defined contributory approved provident fund scheme constituted in 1969 under the West Pakistan (Standing Orders) Ordinance, 1968 for those employees who have opted for it. The Company and the employees both make equal monthly contributions to the fund at the rate of 10% of the basic salary. During the year the Company contributed Rs. (thousand) 3,670 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 3,536) to the fund.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

Gratuity scheme

The Company maintains an unfunded and unapproved gratuity scheme since 1969, for those eligible employees who have not joined the provident fund scheme. This represents the incremental portion of the basic salaries of those eligible employees for the relevant periods. No actuarial valuation has been carried out as management considers that adequate provision has been made in the accounts to cover the liability.

Further, in management's opinion the recorded liability will not be significantly different from the liability to be determined by actuary in view of number of the employees and their respective period of employment left with the Company and their entitlement to the benefit.

Other retirement benefit scheme

The Company also maintains an unfunded and unapproved retirement benefit fund under which retirement benefits are payable on cessation of employment, subject to minimum qualifying period of service. The allocations are made to the fund in accordance with the actuary's recommendations based on the actuarial valuation of the fund as of 30 September 2014, presented on 11 November 2014.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income when they occur. Amounts recorded in profit and loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). All other changes in the net defined benefit asset (liability) are recognized in other comprehensive income with no subsequent recycling to profit and loss.

The scheme covers all eligible permanent and seasonal employees.

The future contribution rates of these schemes include allowance for deficit and surplus. Projected unit credit method based on the following significant assumption has been used for actuarial valuation conducted on 11 November 2014.

	30 September		
	2014	2013	
Discount rate	11.5% per annum	11.5% per annum	
Expected rate of growth per annum in future salaries	13.5% per annum	10.5% per annum	
Average remaining working lives of employees	5 Years	11 Years	

The defined benefit liability comprises the present value of the defined benefit obligation less past service cost not yet recognized.

3.19 Compensated absences

The Company accounts for the compensated absences on the basis of un-availed earned leave balance of each employee at the end of the year.

3.20 Dividend distribution and appropriation

Dividend distribution and appropriation to reserves are recognized as liability in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

		Note	2014 (Rupees i	2013 in thousand)
4.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating property, plant and equipment	4.1	719,583	285,630
	Capital work in progress	4.2	16,672	421,993
			736,255	707,623

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	L 				2014					
		C 0 S T				DEPRECI	CIATION		BOOK VALUE	
	As at 01 Oct. 2013	Additions	Disposals	As at 30 Sept. 2014	Accumulated as at 01 Oct. 2013	Disposals	Charge for the year	Accumulated as at 30 Sept. 2014	As at 30 Sept. 2014	Depreciation Rate
				(Rupe	es in th	ousand)				%
Land – free hold	747	I	I	747	I	I	l	I	747	I
Buildings and roads on freehold land	67 641	316	I	67 957	54.710	I	971	77 77 70 71	17776	7 - 10
Plant and machinery	926,688	502,687	(2,274)	1,427,101	692,014	(2,253)	65,051	754,812	672,289	10 – 50
Tube wells	2,987	I	I	2,987	614	ı	237	851	2,136	10
Electrical installations	26,823	1 (1 (26,823	19,194	1 7	763	19,957	998'9	10
Motor vehicles and bicycles	61,009	1,522	(1,318)	61,213	39,480	(1,130)	4,453	42,803	18,410	20
rumure and munigs Office equipment	10,038 308	200', 787	(45)	700/ 1007 1007	0,183 6,783	(/3/)	000 170	0,787 0,000	4,881 - 2,881 - 2,881	10 - 25
Ammunition	219) I	(1 t)	219	0,7 128 128	() +)) ()	0,923	73	20 20
Telephone exchange	1,197	88	(77)	1,209	1,006	(63)	23	996	243	10
	1,105,744	507,020	(4,255)	1,608,509	820,114	(3,896)	72,708	888,926	719,583	
					2013					
		C 0 S T				DEPRECI	CIATION		BOOK VALUE	
	As at 01 Oct.	Additions	Disposals	As at 30 Sept.	Accumulated as at	Disposals	Charge for the	Accumulated as at	As at 30 Sept.	Depreciation
	70.17			2013	ຊ ⊢		year	30 Sept. 2013	2013	Kate
				(Rupe	es in th	ousand)				%
Land - free hold	747	I	I	747	I	I	I	I	747	I
Buildings and roads on freehold land	67,641	I	I	67,641	53,681	I	1,029	54,710	12,931	5 – 10
Plant and machinery	919,308	10,504	(3,124)	926,688	669,639	(2,690)	25,065	692,014	234,674	10 – 50
Tube wells	295	2,425	I	2,987	530	I	8	614	2,373	10
Electrical installations	26,823	I	I	26,823	18,346	1	848	19,194	7,629	10
Motor vehicles and bicycles	58,215	3,794	(1,000)	61,009	34,904	(631)	5,207	39,480	21,529	20
Furniture and fittings	8,900	1,192	(24)	10,038	2,748	(42)	479	6,185	3,853	10-25
Office equipment	8,142	253	I	8,395	6,210	Ι	573	6,783	1,612	10 – 30
Ammunition 	219	I	I	219	105	I	23	128	, 10 (20
lelephone exchange	/6L'L	1	I	/6L'L	985	I	7.7	1,006	וטן. 	0.
	1,091,754	18,168	(4,178)	1,105,744	790,148	(3,363)	33,329	820,114	285,630	

Operating property, plant and equipment

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Note	2014 (Rupees i	2013 in thousand)
4.1.1 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
Cost of sales	24	68,177	28,546
Administrative expenses	26	4,531	4,783
		72,708	33,329

4.2 Capital work in progress

		Cost	
	Civil works and buildings	Plant, machinery and others	Total
	(R	Rupees in thousand)	
Balance as at 01 October 2013	23,413	398,580	421,993
Additions during the year	6,403	91,278	97,681
Transferred to property, plant and equipment	(28,727)	(474,275)	(503,002)
Balance as at 30 September 2014	1,089	15,583	16,672
Balance as at 01 October 2012	2,528	152,907	155,435
Additions during the year	22,541	257,894	280,435
Transferred to property, plant and equipment	(1,656)	(12,221)	(13,877)
Balance as at 30 September 2013	23,413	398,580	421,993

4.2.1 Borrowing cost capitalized

During the year, the Company has capitalized borrowing cost amounting to Rs.(thousand) 5,303 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 14,710) at an effective rate of 10.52% per annum (2013: 10.09%).

for the year ended 30 September 2014

4.3 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Description	Cost	Acc. Dep.	Book value	Sale proceeds	Profit	Particulars of purchaser	Mode of disposal
		(F	R u p	e e s	i n	thous and)	
Toyota Corolla 1.8 Altis VVT.1	1,318	1,130	188	850	662	Syed Javaid Anwar, Walton Road, Lahore	Negotiation
Air Conditioner L.G. 1.5 Ton Window Type	31	28	3	3	-	Mr. Rashid Ahmad Ghumman, (Ex employee)	Company Policy
Sale of Centre table, Almirah and 2 chairs	14	9	5	6	1	Mr. Haider, Gulberg Main Market, Lahore	Negotiation
Sale of Penssoti (Italian) Boiler, Feed Water Tanks, Bagasse Boiling Press, Bagasse Blower, Oil Pump and Fuel Oil Tank	2,274	2,253	21	6,695	6,674	M/S A. M. Star Trading, Godam No. 65, Baloch Market, Near General Kanta, Dar - Ul - Ehsan Town, Samundari Road, Faisalabad.	Negotiation
Electric Generator 50 KVA	541	413	128	300	172	M/S. Multi Engineering Company, 16-A, O/S Eastern Gate, Sarai Sultan, Lahore	Negotiation
Telephone Exchange at Head Office	77	63	14	15	1	M/S. DC Technologies, House No. 86, Street H, Upper Mall, Lahore	Negotiation
	4,255	3,896	359	7,869	7,510		

4.3.1 No asset was sold to the Chief Executive, Directors, Executives or Shareholders holding more than 10% of total paid up capital.

			Note	2014	2013
				(Rupees	in thousand)
5.	INVE	STMENT - ASSOCIATE			
		ociates- Equity Method htaj Textile Limited	5.1	92,949	88,817
	5.1	Shahtaj Textile Limited - Listed			
		1,150,000 (2013:1,150,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10/- each representing 11.9048% (2013: 11.9048%)		92,949	88,817

5.1.1 Although the Company holds only 11.9048% of the voting powers in Shahtaj Textile Limited (STL), the Company holds significant influence by virtue of majority of the common Directors on the Board of Directors of STL.

Shahtaj Textile Limited is a Pubic Limited Company that is listed on Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The fair value of investment as at 30 September 2014 is Rs. (thousand) 176,920 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 57,500).

for the year ended 30 September 2014

5.1.2 The reporting date of Shahtaj Textile Limited is 30 June 2014 and is in line with industry practice. The share in net assets of Shahtaj Textile Limited, has been determined on the basis of unaudited financial statements for the quarters ended 30 September 2013 and 30 September 2014 and audited annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014, as follows:

	2014	2013
	(Rupees	in thousand)
Total assets	1,629,342	1,502,587
Total liabilities	848,574	756,525
Net turnover for the year	3,846,321	4,301,185
Total comprehensive income for the year - after		
incremental depreciation	73,346	104,932

5.1.2.1 The following table illustrates the summarized financial information of the Company's investment in Shahtaj Textile Limited.

Note	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
Share of the associate's statement of financial position		
Current assets	97,467	84,379
Non-current assets	96,503	94,500
Current liabilities	(68,963)	(55,455)
Non-current liabilities	(32,058)	(34,607)
Equity	92,949	88,817
Share of Associate's revenue and profit		
Revenue	457,897	512,047
Profit	8,732	12,492
Carrying amount of Investment	92,949	88,817
6 LOANS AND ADVANCES		
Car and motorcycle loans to staff - Unsecured, considered good		
- Outstanding for period exceeding three years	411	558
- Outstanding for period less than three years	3,882	3,924
6.1	4,293	4,482
Fertilizer loans to growers - Unsecured, considered good 6.2	46,720	37,527
	51,013	42,009
Less: Current maturity	(48,939)	(39,589)
	2,074	2,420

- **6.1** This comprises of interest free loans to employees for purchase of vehicles, repayable in 50 and 60 equal monthly installments. Fair value of long term loans represents the net present value of all future cash flows discounted at 11.3% (2013:10.3%) being the estimated borrowing cost of the company. No loan has been granted to Chief Executive, Director and Executives of the Company during the year (2013: Rs. Nil).
- **6.2** This comprises of fertilizer loans to cane growers for September 2014 cultivation. As per the terms of agreement no interest will be charged on loans adjusted / paid off during the season. Interest at the rate of 10% (2013: 10%) per annum will be charged on unpaid loans.

2016

5,682 96,352

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 September 2014

			Note	2014 (Rupees i	2013 n thousand)
	DEDOCITO				
7	DEPOSITS				
	Utility companies and other Government agencies			840	843
8	DEFERRED TAXATION				
	Deferred tax asset / (liabilities)			(405074)	(55.274)
	- Taxable temporary differences- Deductible temporary differences			(106,871)	(66,274)
	- Carry forward tax losses and credits		8.2	7,834 96,352	13,959 62,070
	early forward tax losses and credits		8.1	(2,685)	9,755
	8.1 Movement for the year ended 30 September	2014		() ,	
	,		Docogniza	d Effect of chang	o in rate Closing
		Opening balance	Recognize in profit ar	-	_
			loss	comprehensive	
			(Rupe	es in thousand)
	Deferred tax liabilities on taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:				
	Property, plant and equipment-owned asset:	s (58,542)	(40,184) –	(98,726)
	Investment in associate	(7,732)	(413) –	(8,145)
		(66,274)	(40,597) –	(106,871)
	Deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:				
	Staff gratuity and retirement benefits	7,221	288	3 325	7,834
	Quality premium	6,738	(6,738) –	_
	Carry forward tax losses and credits	62,070	34,282		96,352
		9,755	(12,765) 325	(2,685)
	Year wise breakup of tax losses and credits is	as follows:			
	real wise breakup of tax 1033e3 and credits is	s as follows.		Amount	Expires in tax year
	8.2 Unabsorbed depreciation			9,146	No Limit
	Business loss			6,163	2020
	Minimum tax - 2013			46,761	2019
	Minimum tax - 2014			28,600	2020

Balancing, modernization and replacement - 2014

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Note	2014	2013
		(Rupees i	n thousand)
9	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		
	Stores	20,067	11,128
	Spares	95,487	77,541
	Loose tools	1,081	948
		116,635	89,617
10	STOCK IN TRADE		
	Sugar refined	161,810	259,631
	Sugar in process	2,242	1,693
	Molasses in process	29	21
	Bagasse	21,315	_
		185,396	261,345
	Insecticide	36	3
	Fair price shop	380	551
		416	554
		185,812	261,899
11	TRADE DEBTS		
	Unsecured - considered good		
	Related parties 11.1	-	=
	Others	84,029	52,334
		84,029	52,334

11.1 Maximum aggregate debit balance of related parties, at the end of any month, during the year was as follows:

		Note	2014 (Rupees i	2013 in thousand)
	Shezan International Limited		33,132	38,205
12	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Advances - considered good - Unsecured To employees To contractors To suppliers	12.1	565 2,346 2,276	547 2,479 11,338
	Current maturity of long term advances	6	5,187 48,939	14,364 39,589
			54,126	53,953

12.1 Advance granted to Directors, Chief Executive or Executives of the Company during the year was Rs.(thousand) Nil (2013: Rs. Nil).

for the year ended 30 September 2014

		Note	2014	2013
			(Rupees	in thousand)
13	DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Letters of credit		214	3,921
	Prepayments		2,606	4,608
	Other receivables		-	47
			2,820	8,576
14	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		_	_
	Cash at banks			
	- Current accounts		14,216	11,870
	- PLS Saving accounts	14.1	77,848	131,807
			92,064	143,677

14.1 Rates of profit on PLS saving accounts ranges from 6.10% to 7.5% (2013: 6.10% to 6.43%) per annum.

		2014	2013
		(Rupees	in thousand)
15	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorized:		
	15,000,000 (2012:15,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	150,000	150,000
			_
	Issued, subscribed and paid up :		
	4,560,156 (2013: 4,560,156) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash	45,602	45,602
	150,000 (2013: 150,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each issued to PICIC in		
	conversion of loan	1,500	1,500
	7,300,940 (2013: 7,300,940) ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each issued as fully		
	paid bonus shares	73,009	73,009
		120,111	120,111

15.1 Number of ordinary shares held by M/s Shezan Services (Pvt.) Limited, an associated undertaking are 285,646 (2.38%) (2013: 285,646 (2.38%).

16 CAPITAL RESERVE - SHARE PREMIUM

This reserve can be utilized by the Company, only for the purposes specified in section 83(2) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

		2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
17	REVENUE RESERVE AND UNAPPROPRIATED PROFIT		
	General reserve	916,000	916,000
	Unappropriated profits	56,233	20,753
		972,233	936,753

for the year ended 30 September 2014

		Note	2014	2013
			(Rupees	in thousand)
18	LONG TERM BORROWING			
	Long term borrowing	18.1	175,000	200,000
	Less: Current maturity		(50,000)	(25,000)
			125,000	175,000

18.1 This represents long term loan obtained for purchase and installation of high pressure boiler and ancillary machinery from a commercial bank, repayable in 8 equal half yearly installment commencing after grace period of one year. Mark-up is chargeable at a rate of 6 month KIBOR plus 1% per annum payable biannually. The facility is secured against first exclusive charge over entire plant and machinery with 25% margin limited to Rs.267 million.

		Note	2014	2013
			(Rupees i	n thousand)
19	RETIREMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATIONS			
	Staff retirement benefits	19.1	23,218	20,669
	Gratuity	19.2	521	587
			23,739	21,256

19.1 Movements in the liability recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:

Note	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
Net liability at the beginning of the year	20,669	20,494
Expense recognized during the year	3,244	3,347
Benefits paid	(1,680)	(902)
Experience adjustment	985	(2,270)
Net liability at the year end	23,218	20,669
The amounts recognized in the profit and loss account are as follows:		
Current service cost	964	990
Interest cost	2,280	2,357
Expense recognized in profit and loss account	3,244	3,347
Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation		
Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 01 October	20,669	20,494
Current service cost	964	990
Interest cost	2,280	2,357
Benefit paid	(1,680)	(902)
Experience adjustment	985	(2,270)
Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 30 September	23,218	20,669

for the year ended 30 September 2014

		2014	2013
19.1.1	Significant actuarial assumptions		
	Valuation discount rate	13.5%	11.5%
	Salary increase	13.5%	10.5%
			2014
			(Rupees in
			thousand)
19.1.2	Year end sensitivity analysis (± 100 bps) on defined		
	benefit obligation		
	Discount Rate + 100 bps		(1,508)
	Discount Rate - 100 bps		609
	Salary Increase + 100 bps		609
	Salary Increase - 100 bps		(1,525)
	Note	2014	2013
		(Rupees i	n thousand)
19.2	Movements in the liability recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:		
	Net Liability at the beginning of the year	587	622
	Expense recognized during the year	58	50
	Benefits paid	(124)	(85)
	Net Liability at the year end	521	587
20 TDAI	DE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Cred	· · · ·	66,950	32,089
	ision against quality premium 20.1	-	19,817
	ision for leave encashment 20.2	10,192	8,496
	ued expenses aimed dividend	3,231	3,521
		1,388	1,401
	s tax / special excise duty payable	26,074	7,049
	kers' Profit Participation Fund 20.3 kers' Welfare Fund	1,971 749	- 7,502
110 vv	אבוס שיכוומופ רעווע		
		110,555	79,875

20.1 This represented the provision made in respect of quality premium payable to growers against sugar recovery rate exceeding 'benchmark average recovery' for period from 1982 - 1993. In 1995, the Honorable Lahore High Court passed the decision in favor of the Company. Subsequently, Government of Punjab (GoP) filed leave to appeal with the Honorable Supreme Court, which remanded back the case to Honorable Lahore High Court while maintaining original judgment of the Honorable Lahore High Court. The management on the advise of the legal consultant has therefore decided to reverse the provision as the management is of the view that no outflow of resources will be required in this matter.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

	Note	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
20.2	Provision for leave encashment		
	Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Allocation for the year Less: Amount paid during the year	8,496 2,634 (938)	7,917 1,378 (799)
	Balance at the end of the year	10,192	8,496
20.3	Workers' Profit Participation Fund		
	Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Allocation for the year	- 1,971	18,382 –
	Add: Interest on fund utilized in company's business	1,971 –	18,382 –
	Less: Amount paid to the Fund's Trust	1,971 –	18,382 (18,382)
	Balance at the end of the year	1,971	_

21 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

The aggregate facility of short term borrowings available from commercial banks is Rs. (thousand) 2,270,000 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 2,270,000). These facilities are secured against pledge over stock and hypothecation over stores and spares.

The rates of mark - up range between 1 month / 3 month KIBOR + 0.75% to 1 month / 3 month KIBOR + 1.50% (2013: 1 month / 3 month KIBOR + 0.75% to 1 month / 3 month KIBOR + 1.15%)

The unutilized facility for letters of credit and guarantees at year end amounts to Rs. (thousand) 50,061 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 44,429).

22 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies

- i) A penalty amounting to Rs. (thousand) 19,471, has been imposed by Cane Commissioner for late payments of road cess for the crushing season 1997 98 and 1998 99. Against that, the Company filed an appeal before Secretary Food, who has remanded back the case to Cane Commissioner to re-examine it.
- Provision for cane quality premium payable to grower aggregating Rs. (thousand) 19,817, related to different yearly notifications issued by Government of the Punjab (GoP) for fixation of cane support price and quality premium above 'benchmark average recovery', made during the financial year 1981-82 to 1994-95 were written-back. The management is of the view that no outflow of resources will be required as a result of judgment by the Honorable Lahore High Court for the cases pending adjudication before it. In parallel cases, in prior years, the Honorable Lahore High Court has judged this levy as unconstitutional. Presently, the intra-court appeals of the GoP are pending for a fresh decision by the Honorable Lahore High Court. Earlier, the Supreme Court of Pakistan had set aside the Honorable Lahore High Court's judgment of dismissal of review application filed by the GoP.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

Commitments

- i) The Company's commitments on 30 September 2014 for capital expenditure amount to Rs. (thousand) 16,672 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 497,287) in the normal course of business.
- ii) Company's commitments for letters of credit as on 30 September 2014 amount to Rs. (thousand) 939 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 6,571).

	Note	2014 (Rupees ir	2013 n thousand)
SALES - NET			<u> </u>
Sugar Molasses Bagasse Press mud		4,292,533 379,102 119,313 5,642	4,589,952 428,336 31,447 5,678
		4,796,590	5,055,413
Less: Broker's commission on sugar Sales tax / Federal Excise Duty Withholding tax on sales		9,878 370,920 3,955 384,753	11,033 394,520 616 406,169
		4,411,837	4,649,244
COST OF SALES			
Cost of sugarcane procurement Process materials Fuel and power Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Salaries, wages and other benefits Company's contribution to provident fund Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Conveyance and travelling Depreciation Other expenses	24.1 4.1.1	3,658,941 38,409 28,832 58,774 12,125 146,465 1,747 956 3,691 9,588 68,177 6,776	4,177,878 42,980 33,470 65,064 4,724 139,563 1,671 929 3,781 9,761 28,546 5,941 4,514,308
Add: Opening stock of sugar and by-products in process Less: Closing stock of sugar and by-products in process		1,714 (2,271)	1,446 (1,714)
Cost of sugar manufactured Packing materials consumed		4,033,924 38,327	4,514,040 36,090
Cost of sugar bagged Add: Opening stock of sugar and by-products Less: Closing stock of sugar and by-products		4,072,251 259,631 (183,125)	4,550,130 202,506 (259,631) 4,493,005
	Sugar Molasses Bagasse Press mud Less: Broker's commission on sugar Sales tax / Federal Excise Duty Withholding tax on sales COST OF SALES Cost of sugarcane procurement Process materials Fuel and power Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Salaries, wages and other benefits Company's contribution to provident fund Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Conveyance and travelling Depreciation Other expenses Add: Opening stock of sugar and by-products in process Less: Closing stock of sugar and by-products in process Cost of sugar manufactured Packing materials consumed Cost of sugar bagged Add: Opening stock of sugar and by-products	SALES - NET Sugar Molasses Bagasse Press mud Less: Broker's commission on sugar Sales tax / Federal Excise Duty Withholding tax on sales COST OF SALES Cost of sugarcane procurement Process materials Fuel and power Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Salaries, wages and other benefits Company's contribution to provident fund Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Conveyance and travelling Depreciation Other expenses Add: Opening stock of sugar and by-products in process Less: Closing stock of sugar and by-products in process Cost of sugar manufactured Packing materials consumed Cost of sugar bagged Add: Opening stock of sugar and by-products	Kaues - Net Sugar 4,292,533 Molasses 379,102 Bagasse 119,313 Press mud 5,642 Less: 4,796,590 Less: 9,878 Sales tax / Federal Excise Duty 370,920 Withholding tax on sales 3,847,53 COST OF SALES 4,411,837 Cost of sugarcane procurement 3,658,941 Process materials 384,09 Fuel and power 28,832 Stores and spares consumed 58,774 Repairs and maintenance 12,125 Salaries, wages and other benefits 24.1 146,465 Company's contribution to provident fund 1,747 Rent, rates and taxes 956 Insurance 3,691 Conveyance and travelling 9,588 Depreciation 4,1.1 68,177 Other expenses 6,776 Less: Closing stock of sugar and by-products in process (2,271) Cost of sugar manufactured 4,033,924 Packing materials consumed 38,327

^{24.1} Salaries and benefits include Rs.(thousand) 848 (2013: Rs.(thousand) 622) in respect of leave encashment.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

		Note	2014 (Runees	2013 in thousand)
25	DISTRIBUTION COST		(itapees	
	Salaries, wages and other benefits Company's contribution to provident fund Insurance Sugar bag handling Conveyance and traveling Other expenses	25.1	2,528 29 2,286 3,585 – 26	2,897 37 2,519 3,498 1 35
			8,454	8,987

25.1 Salaries and benefits include Rs.(thousand) 15 (2013: Rs (thousand) 14) in respect of leave encashment.

		Note	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
26	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(Mapees	in thousand,
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	26.1	125,402	114,949
	Company's contribution to provident fund		1,894	1,828
	Directors' fees		925	515
	Conveyance and traveling		7,073	6,328
	Repairs and maintenance		3,657	2,943
	Stationery and printing		2,359	2,130
	Postage and telephone		1,449	1,428
	Insurance		1,220	1,241
	Utilities		1,927	2,086
	Rent, rates and taxes		2,771	4,145
	Cost audit fee		88	76
	Auditors' remuneration	26.2	1,850	1,795
	Legal and professional charges		3,115	2,984
	Donations	26.3	2,668	1,196
	Depreciation	4.1.1	4,531	4,783
	Other expenses		4,374	1,715
			165,303	150,142

26.1 Salaries and benefits include Rs. (thousand) 1,771 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 966) in respect of leave encashment.

	Note	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
26.2	Auditors' remuneration		
	Audit fee	1,000	1,000
	Certification and review	525	500
	Provident Fund and Workers' Profit Participation Fund, Audit fee	110	100
	Expenses reimbursed	215	195
		1,850	1,795

26.3 Donations

Donations are given to various Charitable Organizations in which the Company's Directors and their Spouse have no interest.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

Workers' profit participation fund Loss on initial recognition of financial assets at fair value Worker Welfare fund Special Excise Duty 6,022 3,5 28 OTHER OPERATING INCOME Income from financial assets Profit on bank deposits Reversal of loss initially recognized on financial assets 51 Income from non-financial assets Sale of scrap Agricultural income -sale of trees Mark-up receivable from growers on fertilizer loan Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous income 20.1 19,822 20. 29 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund - 1,1 Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7		Note	2014 2013 (Rupees in thousand)	
Workers' profit participation fund Loss on initial recognition of financial assets at fair value Worker Welfare fund Special Excise Duty 6,022 3,5 28 OTHER OPERATING INCOME Income from financial assets Profit on bank deposits Reversal of loss initially recognized on financial assets Income from non-financial assets Sale of scrap Agricultural income -sale of trees Mark-up receivable from growers on fertilizer loan Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous income 20.1 Special Excise Duty 4,399 9,7 10,256 5 11 2,366 3,2 3,346 3,2 3,346 3,2 3,346 3,2 3,346 3,2 4,4384 15,9 29 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund - 1,1 Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 73,741 52,3 Bank commission and other charges 1,483 1,7 Markup on long term borrowing 90,988 55,1	27	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		
Worker Welfare fund Special Excise Duty		Workers' profit participation fund		3,397 -
28 OTHER OPERATING INCOME Income from financial assets Profit on bank deposits Reversal of loss initially recognized on financial assets 51		Worker Welfare fund	749 -	158 - 19
Income from financial assets Profit on bank deposits Reversal of loss initially recognized on financial assets Income from non-financial assets Sale of scrap Agricultural income -sale of trees Agricultural on disposal of property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous income 20.1 19,822 2.0 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing Oracle Agricultural income A,450 9,7 10,256 5 5 4,450 3,2 2,346 3,2 2,346 3,2 2,01 19,822 2.0 39,934 6,1 44,384 15,9 29 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund - 1,1 Bank commission and other charges 1,483 1,7 Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 90,988 55,1 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7			6,022	3,574
Profit on bank deposits Reversal of loss initially recognized on financial assets 1,399	28	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
Reversal of loss initially recognized on financial assets 1		Income from financial assets		
Income from non-financial assets Sale of scrap Agricultural income -sale of trees 12,346 3,22 3,246 3,22 2,0 39,934 6,1 44,384 15,9 29 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund - 1,1 Bank commission and other charges 1,483 1,7 Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7				9,781
Sale of scrap Agricultural income -sale of trees Agricultural income -sale of trees Mark-up receivable from growers on fertilizer loan Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Miscellaneous income 20.1 2346 7,510 1 19,822 2,0 39,934 6,1 29 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund 73,741 Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 467		Income from non-financial assets	4,450	9,781
39,934 6,1		Sale of scrap Agricultural income -sale of trees Mark-up receivable from growers on fertilizer loan Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	– 2,346	580 168 3,257 172
29 FINANCE COST Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 44,384 15,99 73,741 52,3 73,741 53,4 73,741 53,4 73,741 53,4 73,741 53,4 73,741 74,741 74,741		Miscellaneous income 20.1		2,003
Interest, Mark-up and charges on - Short term borrowings 73,741 52,3 - Workers' Profit Participation Fund 73,741 53,4 Bank commission and other charges 1,483 1,7 Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15,961
- Short term borrowings - Workers' Profit Participation Fund - 1,1 Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing 15,764 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 73,741 52,3 73,741 53,4 1,7 73,741 53,4 90,988 55,1	29	FINANCE COST		
Bank commission and other charges Markup on long term borrowing 1,483 1,7 15,764 90,988 55,1 30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7		- Short term borrowings	73,741 –	52,316 1,102
30. PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7			1,483	53,418 1,763 –
Current taxation - for the year 460 46,7			90,988	55,181
- for the year 460 46,7	30.	PROVISION FOR TAXATION		
Deferred taxation 12,765 (65,59)		- for the year - for prior years	(3,936) 12,765	46,761 (13,545) (65,596) (32,380)

30.1 The provision for current income tax is based on minimum taxation under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Accordingly, numerical reconciliation between average effective tax rate and applicable tax rate is not reported for the year.

		2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
31.	EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE - Basic		
	Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders - (Rs in thousand)	36,140	(812)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of year	12,011,096	12,011,096
	Earning / (Loss) per share - Basic (Rupees per share)	3.01	(0.07)

for the year ended 30 September 2014

31.1 No diluted earnings per share has been disclosed as the Company has not issued an instrument which would have an impact on earning per share, when exercised.

32. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in the accounts for the year as remunerations, including certain benefits to the Chief Executive, Executive Director and Executives of the Company is as follows:

	Chief E	excutive	Executive	e Director	Exec	utives
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
Total numbers	1	1	1	1	4	4
		(Rupees in thousand)				
Managerial remuneration	9,618	10,323	6,310	6,394	16,594	16,754
Contribution to retirement benefits	360	360	241	226	640	592
Housing	1,800	1,800	1,032	972	1,366	1,102
Utilities	2,400	2,400	481	481	2,683	2,589
Medical & insurance	286	239	433	306	1,041	374
	14,464	15,122	8,497	8,379	22,324	21,411

- **32.1** Fees paid to Non-executive Directors during the year for attending board meetings amount to Rs.(thousand) 875 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 465).
- **32.2** Fees paid to Non-executive Directors during the year for attending audit committee meetings amount to Rs. (thousand) 175 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 105).
- **32.3** Fees paid to Non-executive Directors during the year for attending human resource and remuneration meetings amount to Rs. (thousand) 50 (2013: Rs. (thousand) 50).
- 32.4 The Chief Executive, Directors and some Executives are also provided with company maintained vehicles.

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

33.1 Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders' value. Capital includes ordinary share capital and reserves. The Company closely monitors the return on capital along with the level of distributions to ordinary shareholders. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payments to shareholders or issue new shares.

33.2 Financial risk factors

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. The management reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

33.2.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposure, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties. The company does not believe it is exposed to major concentration of credit risk, however to manage any possible exposure the Company applies approved credit limits to its customers.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

The management monitors and limits the Company's exposure to credit risk through monitoring of client's credit exposure review and conservative estimates of provisions for doubtful receivables.

The Company is exposed to credit risk on long-term deposits, trade debts, advances, deposits, other receivables and bank balances. The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

	Carrying Values	
	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
Loans and advances	51,013	42,009
Deposits	840	843
Trade debts – unsecured	84,029	52,334
Loans and advances to staff & growers	48,939	39,589
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	214	3,968
Cash and bank balances	92,064	143,677

The credit quality of financial assets can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or the historical information about counter party defaults.

33.2.1.1 Long-Term Loans & Advances

The summary of the maturity profile of the Company's loans and advances as at 30 September 2014 based on contractual undiscounted payment dates are as follows:

2014 based on contractual undiscounted payment dates are as	follows:		
	Carrying Values		
	2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)	
Up to one year	48,939	39,589	
Greater than one year but less than two years	994	1,187	
Greater than two years but less than three years	669	675	
Greater than three years but less than four years	374	396	
Greater than four years but less than five years	37	162	
	51,013	42,009	
	2014	2013	
	(Rupees	in thousand)	
33.2.1.2 Trade Debt			
Neither past due nor impaired	_	_	
Past due but not impaired	_	_	
1- 30 days	84,029	52,334	
	84,029	52,334	
33.2.1.3 Cash at Bank			
United Bank Limited A-1+	(408)	405	
MCB Bank Limited A1+	3,080	2,069	
Habib Bank Limited A-1+	83,726	132,548	
National Bank of Pakistan A-1+	(222)	481	
The Bank of Punjab A1+	-	172	
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited A1+	_	36	
Bank Al-Habib A1+	230	315	
Bank Alfalah Limited A1+	5,658	7,651	
	92,064	143,677	

for the year ended 30 September 2014

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal.

33.2.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its commitments associated with financial liabilities when they fall due. Liquidity requirements are monitored regularly and management ensures that sufficient liquid funds are available.

Financial liabilities are analyzed below, with regard to their remaining contractual maturities.

	Maturity upto	Maturity after	
	one year	one year	Total
	(Rupees in thousand)
Long term borrowings	25,000	150,000	175,000
Trade and other payables	110,555	_	110,555
Total Financial liabilities	135,555	150,000	285,555

33.2.3 Market Risk

33.2.3.1 Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to import of some stores and spare parts or plant and machinery. The Company does not view hedging as financially viable considering the materiality of transactions.

Sensitivity analysis

The company is not exposed to foreign currency risk because it does not have foreign currency exposure at the year end.

33.2.3.2 Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rate will affect the value of financial instruments. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk for short term and long term borrowings obtained from the financial institutions.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company has obtained long term loan which has variable mark up rate. The following table demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rate on loan worth all other variables held contact:

	Increase/ (decrease) in basis points	Effect on profit before tax/ net assets
	(Rupees in	thousand)
2014	100	1,750
2013	100	2,000

33.2.3.3 Equity price risk

Equity price risk arises from the investments through profit and loss. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board. At the balance sheet date Company is not exposed to any equity price risk.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

33.2.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability can be settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transactions.

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

33.2.5 Classification of financial instruments

Loans and receivables (Rupees in thousand)

	•
As at 30 September 2014	
Assets as per balance sheet	
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Loans and advances	2,074
Deposits	840
CURRENT ASSETS	
Trade debts	84,029
Loans and advances	48,939
Deposits and other receivables	214
Cash and bank balances	92,064
	228,160

	cial liabilities at amortized cost
(Rupe	es in thousand)
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term borrowings	125,000
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Current portion of long term borrowings	50,000
Accrued interest	4,556
Trade and other payables	110,555
	290,111

Loans and receivables (Rupees in thousand)

As at 30 September 2013	
Assets as per balance sheet	
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Loans and advances	2,420
Deposits	843
CURRENT ASSETS	
Trade debts	52,334
Loans and advances	39,589
Deposits and other receivables	3,968
Investments	_
Cash and bank balances	143,677
	242,831

Liabilities as per balance sheet	Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Rupees in thousand)
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Long term borrowing	175,000
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Current portion of long term borrowings	25,000
Accrued interest	4,690
Trade and other payables	79,875
	284.565

34. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise related group companies, local associates, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties and associated undertakings, other than remuneration and benefits to key personnel under the terms of their employment are as follows.

			30 Sept	tember 2014		
	M/s Shahtaj Textile Limited	M/s Shezan International Limited		M/s Information System Associates Limited	M/s Shezan Services (Pvt) Limited	Staff Provident Fund
			(Rupees	in thousand)		
Dividend received	4,600	_	=	_	=	_
Utilities paid	_	_	267	_	_	_
Purchase & services received	360	592	380	1,157	_	_
Dividend paid	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sales	_	732,127	_	_	_	_
Staff provident fund	_				_	3,670
	4,960	732,719	647	1,157		3,670

	30 September 2013					
	M/s Shahtaj Textile Limited	M/s Shezan International Limited	(Pvt) Limited	M/s Information System Associates Limited	Services (Pvt) Limited	Staff Provident Fund
			(Rupees	iii tiiousaiiu)		
Dividend received	4,025	_	_	_	_	_
Utilities paid	_	_	271	_	_	_
Purchase & services received	360	404	360	1,586	_	_
Dividend paid	_	_	_	_	2,000	_
Sales	=	626,968	=	_	_	_
Staff provident fund	-		-		_	3,536
	4,385	627,372	631	1,586	2,000	3,536

All transactions with the related parties and associated undertakings are entered into arm's length determined in accordance with comparable uncontrolled price method except for transactions with M/s Shahnawaz (Private) Limited, where an additional discount of 40% is received on service charges and 15% on spare parts in connection with the repairs of motor vehicles, due to group policy. The effect of this policy on the balance sheet and profit and loss account in considered to be immaterial.

No buying or selling commission has been paid to any associated undertaking.

for the year ended 30 September 2014

		2014 (Rupees	2013 in thousand)
35.	PROVIDENT FUND		
	Size of the fund Percentage of investments made Fair value of investments Cost of investments made	161,070 94% 150,849 102,919	151,562 94% 142,503 108,577

35.1 Break-up of investments in terms of amount and percentage of the size of the provident fund are as follows:

	20	114	20	2013		
	Investments (Rs '000)	Investment as % of size of the fund	Investments (Rs '000)	Investment as % of size of the fund		
Term deposit receipts and call deposits Innovative Housing Finance Limited Defence Saving Certificates	3,078 146,650	2% 91%	3,078 136,910	2% 90%		
Listed securities and mutual fund units UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	1,121	1%	2,515	2%		
	150,849	94%	142,503	94%		

- 35.2 Investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of the section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.
- **35.3** The above information is based on un-audited financial statements of the provident fund.
- **36.** Total number of employees as at 30 September 2014 are 377 (2013: 370) and average number of employees for the year ended are 458 (2013: 380).

37. CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

	Rated Capacity		Actual Production	
Year	M. Tons	Days	M. Tons	Days
2014	122,400	160	80,434	100
2013	122,400	160	90,555	113

37.1 Shortfall in production is due to shortage of raw material supply.

38. DATE FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 December 2014.

39. GENERAL

Figures in these financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees.

40. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET

The Board of Directors have proposed a final dividend for the year ended 30 September 2014 of Rs. 2/- per share (2013: Rs. Nil per share), amounting to Rs. (thousand) 24,022 (2013: Rs. (thousand) Nil) along with the transfer to general reserve amounting to Rs. (thousand) 10,000 (2013: Rs. Nil) at their meeting held on 26 December 2014 for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 29 January 2015.





Notes	



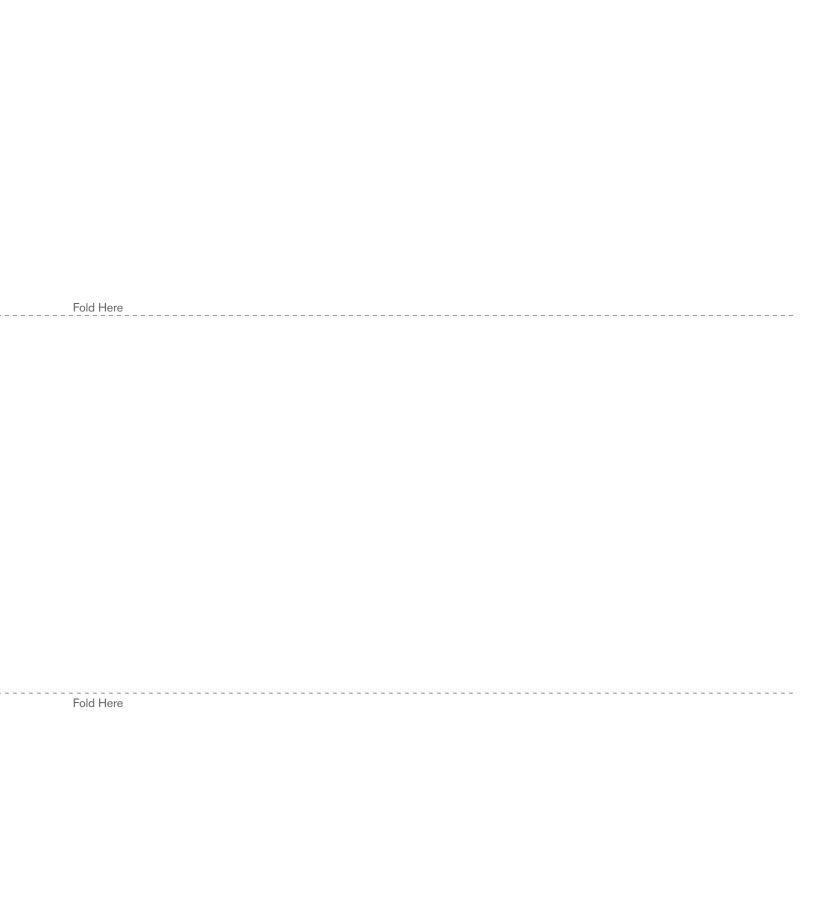
Form of Proxy

49th Annual General Meeting of Shahtaj Sugar Mills Limited

Please Quote Folio Number:				
	Shares held:			
I/ We				
in the district of	being a member of SHAHTAJ SUGAR MILLS LIMITED			
hereby appoint	_ of			
as my / our proxy to vote for me / us and on my / our behalf at	t the 49th Annual General Meetir	ng of the Company to		
be held on 29 January 2015 and at any adjournment thereof.				
As witnessed given under my / our hand(s) this	day of	2015		
As withessed given under my / our namu(s) this	udy oi	2015.		
Witness Signature		Applicable Revenue Stamp Member's Signature		

Notes:

- 1. This form of Proxy must be deposited duly completed, at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 2. A Proxy of individual member must be a member of the Company.
- 3. In case of corporates the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with the specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the Company.
- 4. Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company.
- 5. For CDC account holders/corporate in addition to the above following requirements have to be met.
 - i) Attested copy of C.N.I.C. or the passport of the beneficial owner shall be provided with proxy form.
 - ii) Proxy shall produce his/her original C.N.I.C. or original passport at the time of meeting.



Shahtai, Sugar Mills Cimited



Head Office:

72/C - 1, M.M. Alam Road, Gulberg III, Lahore - 54660 Phone: 042 -35710482 - 84 Fax: 042 - 35711904 Website: www.shahtajsugar.com E-mail: mail@shahtajsugar.com